

Product Description

The C870_B Power Component is a customizable, two-phase, current-mode DrMOS controller designed for point-of-load (POL) applications. Combine with other Power Components to create a custom-defined, AnDAPT AmP on-demand PMIC. Power Components are software components, accessible through the WebAmP™ cloud-based development tool, allowing users to create their own PMIC. The C870_B has been developed to interface with industry-standard DrMOS devices such as Vishay SiC645A or Intersil/Renesas ISL99227 with 3.3V compatible tri-state PWM input. The DrMOS is a fully integrated power stage that integrates high and low side MOSFETs and a high-performance driver with integrated bootstrap diode. Maximum output current is based on selected external DrMOS and on thermal design of specific application.

Features

- Constant frequency, emulated peak current mode, two-phase DrMOS controller with built-in slope compensation
- Adjustable output voltage with down to 2.5 mV resolution
- 1% voltage accuracy
- Efficiency up to 94%
- Adjustable switching clock 500-1000 kHz (each phase switches at half of the clock frequency)
- Adjustable bandwidth, gain & phase margin
- Adjustable protections: Input Undervoltage Lockout (ViUVLO), Output Undervoltage Lockout (VoUVLO), Cycle-by-cycle Overcurrent Protection (OCP), Output Overvoltage Protection (OVP)
- Power-good flag output and Enable input
- Component included in the WebAmP™ development tool

Applications

- FPGA/SoC, processor power management
- Telecom servers, networking equipment
- Industrial equipment and medical systems

Figure 1. C870_B Power Component

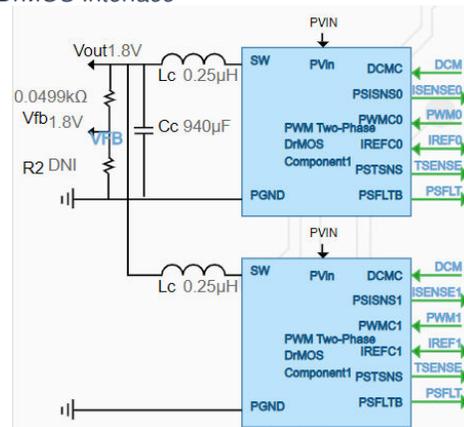
>VINFB		PWM0>
>EN		PWM1>
>VFB		CFP>
>ISENSE0	C870 (B_1_0)	PGood>
>ISENSE1	PWM Multiphase DrMOS	OVP>
>PSFLT	TP_DrMOS1	OCP>
>IREF0		OTP>
>IREF1		UVLO>
>TSENSE		DCM>

Product Details

The C870_B 2-phase Synchronous Buck DrMOS controller power component symbol is shown in Figure 1. The controller drives two DrMOS integrated power stages 180° out-of-phase with connections as shown in Figure 2 and described in the Pin Function and Description Table. A typical application diagram is shown in Figure 3. Output voltage feedback is fed back into a high-performance voltage error digitizer that provides tight voltage regulation accuracy even under transient conditions. The digital compensator's PID gain parameters are user adjustable. The switching frequency is user-selectable with the option to sync to an external clock connected to a GPIO pin.

The output voltage and maximum current are specified by the power engineer during customization using AnDAPT's cloud based WebAmP development software. The C870_B component has customizable control and status pins including an enable input, an optional power-good output, and optional output flags to signal when the system senses an overvoltage (OVP), overcurrent (OCP), undervoltage lockout (UVLO), catastrophic DrMOS failure (CFP) or over-temperature (OTP) condition. The threshold values are configured in the WebAmP tool.

Figure 2: DrMOS Interface



Soft-start and soft-stop ramp times are also specified using the WebAmP tool. Additional sequencing options are available when used in conjunction with the C420 Sequencer, by interconnecting signals EN and PGOOD to provide customizable dependencies and customizable delays between each sequence step.

Pin Function and Description Table

Port Name	SiC645 Name	I/O	Description
OVP		O	Over-Voltage Protection fault flag that can be routed to internal logic and/or a GPIO
OCF		O	Over-Current Protection fault flag that can be routed to internal logic and/or a GPIO
OTP		O	DrMOS Over-Temperature Protection fault flag that can be routed to additional internal logic and/or a GPIO pin
UVLO		O	Output Under-Voltage Lock-Out fault flag that can be routed to internal logic and/or a GPIO
PGood		O	Controller Power Good signal
CFP		O	Catastrophic Fault Protection fault flag that can be routed to internal logic and/or a GPIO
VINFB		I	Input voltage (PVIN) measurement for ViUVLO protection
TSENSE	TMON	I	Analog temperature signal from DrMOS Power Stage to C870_B controller
PSFLT	FAULT#	I	Open-drain fault signal from DrMOS Power Stage to C870_B controller
ISENSE0 ISENSE1	IMON	I	Analog current monitor signal from DrMOS Power Stage to C870_B controller. In the PCB, these signals should be routed as a sensitive differential pair with their respective IREF signals.
IREF0 IREF1	REFIN	I	Reference voltage for DrMOS IMON signal and C870_B ISENSE differential input amplifiers. Route these as differential pairs with their respective ISENSE lines from the AmP device to the DrMOS. Run a separate trace from the AmP device 1.2V VCC pin to the DrMOS pins.
DCM	LGCTRL	O	Reserved for future DCM (discontinuous mode) control. In Webamp leave the DCM signal unconnected, and in the PCB, connect LGCTRL to the DrMOS VCC pin.
EN		I	Enable DrMOS controller
PWM0 PWM1	PWM	O	DrMOS power stage gate driver control signal output from DrMOS controller
VFB		I	VOU feedback for DrMOS controller

Figure 3: Typical Application Diagram. Note 4.5V is powered from AmP device VDD pin

